



988 & How to Access the Arizona Crisis System

A Virtual Webinar Tuesday, November 1, 2022 6:00 PM – 7:30 PM

Larry Mecham

President Arizona Psychiatric Society

Margie Balfour

Chief of Quality & Clinical Innovation Connections Health Solutions

CJ Loiselle

Crisis Administrator AHCCCS

Andrew Erwin

Chief Operating Officer
Solari Crisis & Human Services

Tenasha Hildebrand

Crisis & Veterans Services Administrator Mercy Care

Johnnie Gasper

Director, Justice & Crisis Systems AZ Complete Health / Care 1st

Agenda Agenda		
Welcome and Introductions	Stephen (Larry) Mecham, DO President, Arizona Psychiatric Society	5 min
Overview of crisis care and why Arizona is a national leader	Margie Balfour, MD, PhD, DFAPA Chief of Quality & Clinical Innovation Connections Health Solutions	10 min
The Arizona Crisis System	C. J. Loiselle Crisis Administrator Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System	15 min
Statewide Crisis Line: 988, 911 Integration, Mobile Team Dispatch	Andrew Erwin Chief Operating Officer Solari Crisis & Human Services	15 min
Central RBHA Overview: Crisis Services, Local Details – Mobile Teams, Crisis Facilities, Second Responders, Law Enforcement	Tenasha Hildebrand Crisis & Veteran Services Administrator Mercy Care	15 min
North & Southern RBHA Overview: Crisis Services, Local Details – Mobile Teams, Crisis Facilities, Second Responders, Law Enforcement	Johnnie Gasper Director, Justice & Crisis Systems Arizona Complete Health / Care 1st	15 min
Discussion / Q&A	All	15 min

(Very Brief) Overview of Crisis Care in the US &

Margie Balfour, MD, PhD

Why Arizona is a National Leader

Chief of Quality & Clinical Innovation
Connections Health Solutions
Associate Professor of Psychiatry, University of Arizona
margie.balfour@connectionshs.com





Every day in America...



"I'm having chest pain."



"I'm having suicidal thoughts."



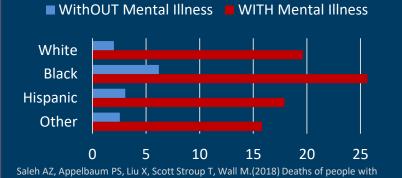


911: What happens after the call?

Police-Involved Deaths

- One Quarter of police involved shooting deaths involve mental illness
- Half occur in the person's home
- Black Americans with Mental Illness have the highest rates of death
- ...and are less likely to call 911 for help with a mental health emergency

US Death Rate by Police per million



mental illness during interactions with law enforcement. Int J Law Psychiatry 58:110-6

Jails: The New Asylums

- The "Divert to What?" Question
- Prevalence of mental illness in our jails & prisons is 3-4x that of the US population
- Inmates with mental illness
 - Often do not get needed treatment
 - Incarcerated 2x as long at 2x the cost
 - 3x more likely to be sexually assaulted in jail
 - More likely to be homeless, unemployed, re-arrested upon release



ED Boarding

- 62% of EDs report they have no psychiatric services available
- Without treatment, inpatient is the default disposition, and people wait for hours for transfer to a psych hospital
- Increased risk:
 Assaults, injuries,
 self-harm
- Increased cost: \$2300/day
- Poor patient
 experience:
 Nontherapeutic
 environment with
 untrained staff



- Nordstrom K et al.. West J Emergency Med. 2019 Jul 22;20(5):690-695.
- http://doi.org/10.5811/westjem.2019.6.42422

"I'm having

"I'm having chest pain." suicidal thoughts."







SAMHSA's Vision

"Someone to call"





"Someone to respond" (mobile crisis)



"A safe place to go" (crisis facilities)



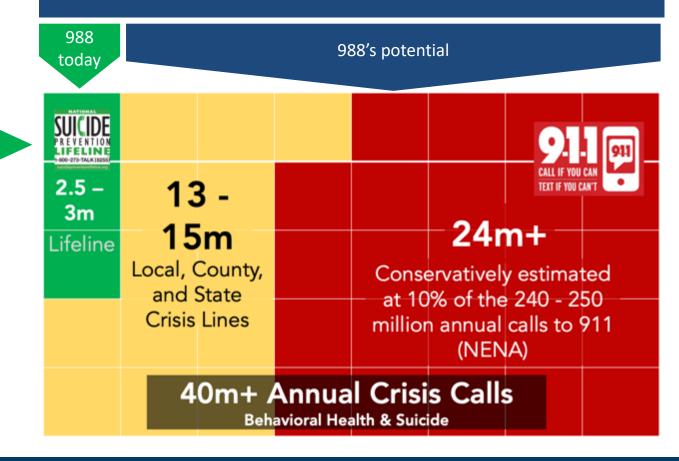


988 is the new nationwide 3-digit number for BH emergencies

- Launched July 2022!
- Connects to the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (currently 1-800-273-TALK)
- Network of nearly 200 call centers with call-takers trained in suicide/crisis intervention
- 24/7 call, text, or chat (<u>988lifeline.org</u>)
- National standards
 - SAMHSA oversight
 - single national administrator
 Vibrant Emotional Health: <u>www.vibrant.org</u>
- More info at <u>samhsa.gov/988</u>

Today, we can't imagine 911 without thinking of the response system that goes with it (EMS, fire, ERs, trauma centers, etc.)

988 is the first step towards a comparable system for behavioral health emergencies.



What happens after the 988 call? It depends on where you live.

For the ideal outcome, 988 callers need to

- Be routed to a **local call center**
- Connect to local crisis services (someone to respond, a safe place to go)

Challenges:

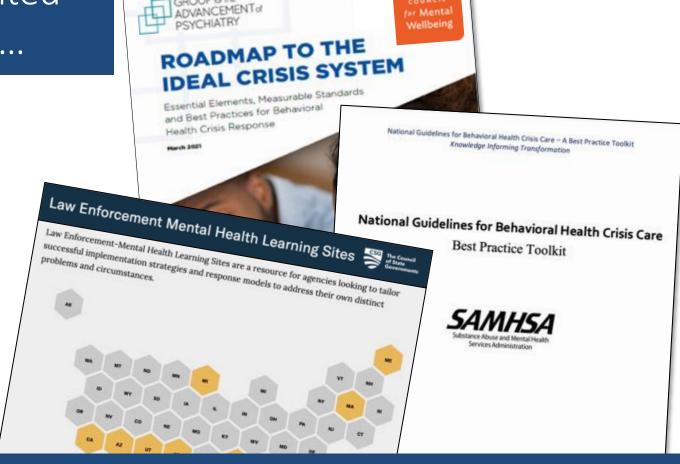
- Calls are routed based on the area code of the caller's phone, not their geolocation
- Variable call center performance across states
- Inconsistent access to crisis services across communities





The time is right for an unprecedented nationwide expansion in crisis care...



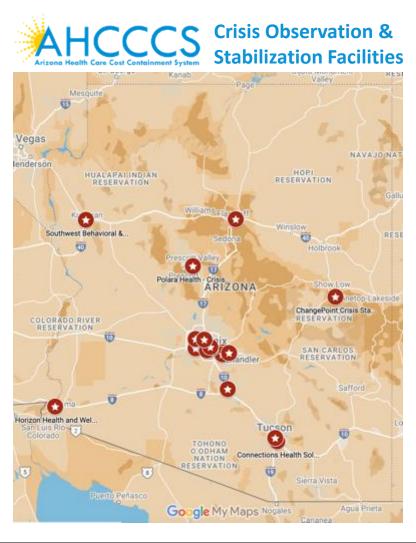


...and the Arizona Crisis System is often cited as a model to emulate.



What's so special about Arizona?





Arizona has been developing its crisis system for 30 years.

It has evolved into a coordinated system aligned towards common goals that are both clinically and fiscally responsible:

- Decrease
 use of ED, hospital, jail
- Increase
 community stabilization

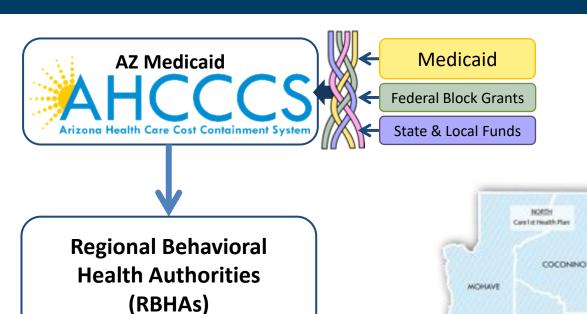


Arizona Crisis System Financing & Governance Structure creates the foundation for an organized, coordinated, & sustainable system

- A "braided" funding model maximizes the impact of multiple funding streams, creating a sustainable system that can serve everyone regardless of payer.
- A single "accountable entity" creates the structure for strategic planning and oversight.

Contracted services are aligned towards common goals that are both clinically desirable & fiscally responsible:

- DECREASE use of ER, Hospital, Jail
- INCREASE community stabilization.



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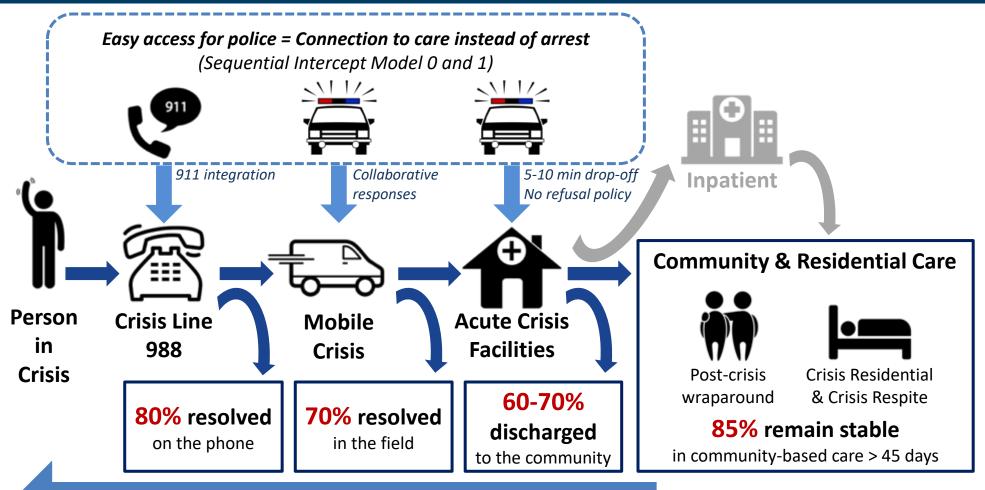
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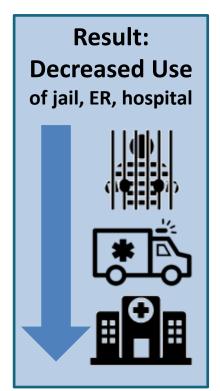
GRAHAM





Alignment of crisis services toward common goals care in the least restrictive (and least costly) setting





LEAST Restrictive = LEAST Costly

Services are easily accessible with a no-wrong door culture across the continuum, e.g., walk-ins at crisis facilities, police or mobile drops-offs to crisis residential, etc.

Police + BH System Collaboration Model for Crisis Response

Breaking the Crisis Cycle

can "break the cycle"
by ensuring that the
person is connected to
the care they need to
stay well in the
community.

Outreach & follow-up

Community-based
peers and/or clinicians
work with LE to help
with engagement and
navigating the mental

Prevention

- Outreach
- Follow-up
- Multiple touches
- Lower urgency



Response

- De-escalation
- Intervention
- Discrete event
- Higher urgency

Health-First Response

With 911/crisis line integration, calls are triaged to a clinicianonly response as early and often as possible, with law enforcement involvement reserved for cases with higher safety risk or criminal nexus. Responding officers are CIT-trained and can request additional assistance if needed.

Outreach & Follow-up

Collaborative

Dedicated LE specialty teams working with community-based peers

- Follow-ups after OD or SUD deflection
- Public safety risks: investigations & f/u
- Homeless outreach

Safety Risk

Clinician-Only

BH System is responsible

- "Second responders"
- Case management
- Timely access to needed care

Acute Response

Collaborative

CIT Trained Officer + assistance from the crisis system to fit the situation

- CIT officer transport to crisis facility
- Mobile crisis assist at suicidal barricades

Clinician-Only

BH System is responsible

- Crisis Line/988
- Mobile Crisis Teams
- Transport to crisis facility



health system.



